

# TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY (TAA)

## DBE PROGRAM

49 CFR PART 26

Approved By: Danette M. Bewley, President/CEO: \_\_\_\_\_

**TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY  
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PROGRAM  
POLICY STATEMENT**

TAA, transit authority for Tucson International Airport (TUS) and Ryan Airfield (RYN), has received Federal financial assistance from the United States Department of Transportation ("DOT") and, as a condition of receiving this assistance, has signed an assurance that it will comply with the requirements of DOT regulations (49 CFR Parts 23 and 26; hereinafter, the "DBE Regulations") concerning the participation of disadvantaged business enterprises ("DBEs") in DOT programs.

It is the policy of TAA to comply with the requirements of the DBE Regulations and to ensure that DBEs, as defined in the DBE Regulations, have a fair and equal opportunity to participate in TAA's DOT-assisted projects or concession contracts. Specifically, it is the goal of TAA to ensure that, to the extent reasonably possible and consistent with other legal requirements:

To ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of TAA's DOT-assisted or concession contracts;

To create a level playing field on which DBEs can compete fairly for TAA's DOT-assisted or concession contracts;

To ensure that the DBE program is narrowly tailored in accordance with applicable law;

To ensure that only firms that fully meet 49 CFR Part 26 eligibility standards are permitted to participate as DBEs at our airports;

To help remove barriers to the participation of DBEs in TAA's DOT assisted contracts and opportunities for concessions at our airport;

To promote the use of DBEs in all types of federally-assisted contracts and procurement activities;

Assist the development of firms that can compete successfully in the marketplace outside the DBE Program; and

To provide appropriate flexibility to our airports in establishing and providing opportunities for DBEs.

The Compliance Administrator has been designated as the DBE Liaison Officer (DBELO). In that capacity, the Compliance Administrator is responsible for implementing all aspects of the DBE program. The DBE Liaison Officer shall report directly to the CEO with respect to the implementation of the TAA DBE Program. Implementation of the DBE program is accorded the same priority as compliance with all other legal obligations incurred by TAA in its financial assistance agreements with the United States Department of Transportation.

TAA has disseminated this policy statement to the TAA Board of Directors and all of the components of our organization. TAA has distributed this statement to DBE and non-DBE business communities in our area. The statement was distributed at the public comment meeting for the DBE program and via the TAA website. A copy of this policy statement shall be available through the solicitation processes for all DOT-assisted or concession contracts.

Adopted by TAA Board of Directors: July 1, 2020

Supersedes: Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program Policy Statement  
Dated September 12, 2018

**SUBPART A – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

**Section 26.1 Objectives**

The objectives are found in the policy statement on the first page of this program.

**Section 26.3 Applicability**

TAA is the recipient of Federal airport funds authorized by 49 U.S.C. 47101, *et seq.*

**Section 26.5 Definitions**

"CEO" means TAA's Chief Executive Officer.

"DBE" means a disadvantaged business enterprise as defined in the DBE Regulations.

"DBE Program" means TAA's DBE Program.

"DBE Regulations" means 49 CFR Parts 23 and 26.

"DOT" means the United States Department of Transportation.

"FAA" means the United States Federal Aviation Administration.

"Liaison Officer" means the DBE Liaison Officer appointed by the CEO pursuant to the Policy. The name, address, and telephone number of the Liaison Officer is listed under Section 26.25 of this document.

"Policy Statement" means the policy statement dated July 1, 2020, a copy of which is included in the front of this document.

"TAA" means the Tucson Airport Authority.

"UCP" means the unified certification program being developed by DOT grant recipients in the State of Arizona, including TAA.

"AZUCP" means the Arizona Unified Certification Program being developed by grant recipients within the State of Arizona, including TAA.

Other capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given in the DBE Regulations.

## **Section 26.7 Non-discrimination Requirements**

TAA will never exclude any person from participation in, deny any person the benefits of, or otherwise discriminate against anyone in connection with the award and performance of any contract covered by 49 CFR Part 26 on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin.

In administering its DBE program, TAA will not, directly or through contractual or other arrangements, use criteria or methods of administration that have the effect of defeating or substantially impairing accomplishment of the objectives of the DBE program with respect to individuals of a particular race, color, sex, or national origin.

## **Section 26.11 Record Keeping Requirements**

### Reporting to DOT: 26.11(b)

TAA will transmit to FAA annually, by or before December 1, the information required for the “Uniform Report of DBE Awards or Commitments and Payments,” as described in Appendix B to Part 26. TAA will similarly report the required information about participating DBE firms. All reporting will be done through the FAA official reporting system, or another format acceptable to FAA as instructed thereby.

### Race-Neutral and Race-Conscious Participation

TAA will track and report race-neutral and race-conscious participation separately. For reporting purposes, race-neutral DBE participation includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following: DBE participation through a prime contract a DBE obtains through customary competitive procurement procedures; DBE participation through a subcontract on a prime contract that does not carry a DBE goal; DBE participation on a prime contract exceeding a contract goal; and DBE participation through a subcontract from a prime contractor that did not consider a firm's DBE status in making the award.

### Bidders List: 26.11(c)

TAA will create and maintain a Bidders List collected via the “Tucson Airport Authority Interest List Form.” The purpose of the list is to provide as accurate data as possible about the universe of DBE and non-DBE contractors and subcontractors who seek to work on TAA DOT-assisted contracts, for use in helping to set TAA’s overall goals. The Bidders List form will include the name, address, DBE and non-DBE status, age of firm, and annual gross receipts of firms. TAA will collect this information from the Bidder’s Tucson Airport Authority Interest List Form, found under Attachment 3, which every bidder is required to fill out. Form is also available on the TAA website and can be filled out by anyone desiring to perform work for TAA.

### Section 26.13 Federal Financial Assistance Agreement

#### Assurance: 26.13(a)

TAA has signed the following assurances, applicable to all DOT-assisted contracts and their administration:

Assurance: - Each financial assistance agreement TAA signs with a DOT operating administration (or a primary recipient) will include the following assurance:

The Tucson Airport Authority shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of any DOT-assisted contract or in the administration of its DBE program or the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26. TAA shall take all necessary and reasonable steps under 49 CFR Part 26 to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. The TAA DBE program, as required by 49 CFR Part 26 and as approved by DOT, is incorporated by reference in this agreement. Implementation of this program is a legal obligation and failure to carry out its terms shall be treated as a violation of this agreement. Upon notification to the TAA of its failure to carry out its approved program, the Department may impose sanctions as provided for under 49 CFR Part 26 and may, in appropriate cases, refer the matter for enforcement under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and/or the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 (31 U.S.C. 3801 *et seq*).

#### Contract Assurance:

TAA will ensure that the following clause is included in each DOT-funded contract it signs with a contractor (and each subcontract the prime contractor signs with a subcontractor):

The contractor, sub recipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

**ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

**Section 26.21 DBE Program Updates**

TAA is required to have a DBE program meeting the requirements of this part as it will receive grants for airport planning or development and will award prime contracts, cumulative total value of which exceeds \$250,000 in FAA funds in a federal fiscal year. TAA is not eligible to receive DOT financial assistance unless DOT has approved TAA's DBE program and TAA is in compliance with it and Part 26. TAA will continue to carry out the program until all funds from DOT financial assistance have been expended. TAA does not have to submit regular updates of its program document, as long as it remains in compliance. However, significant changes in the program, including those required by regulatory updates, will be submitted for DOT approval.

**Section 26.23 Policy Statement**

The Policy Statement is elaborated on the first page of this DBE Program.

**Section 26.25 DBE Liaison Officer (DBELO)**

TAA has designated the following individuals as DBE Liaison Officers:

<u>DBE Program Liaison Officer</u>	<u>Assistant DBE Program Liaison</u>
Temporarily Vacant Compliance Officer 7250 S. Tucson Blvd, Suite 300 Tucson, AZ 85756 Telephone Number: (520) 573- Fax Number: (520) 573-8008 E-mail Address:	Tina L. Moore, Director Programs & Regulatory Compliance 7250 S. Tucson Blvd., Suite 300 Tucson, AZ 85756 Telephone Number: (520) 573-4859 Fax Number: (520) 573-8008 E-mail Address: <a href="mailto:tmoore@flytucson.com">tmoore@flytucson.com</a>

In that capacity, the DBELO is responsible for implementing all aspects of the DBE program and ensuring that TAA complies with all provision of 49 CFR Part 26. The DBELO has direct, independent access to the President/Chief Executive Officer of Tucson Airport Authority concerning DBE program matters. An organization chart displaying the DBELO's position in the organization is found in Attachment 2 to this program.

The DBELO is responsible for developing, implementing and monitoring the DBE program, in coordination with other appropriate officials and TAA staff. The DBELO works closely with the Procurement and Legal Departments in the administration of the program. The duties and responsibilities of the group include the following:

- Gathers and reports statistical data and other information as required by DOT.
- Reviews third party contracts and purchase requisitions for compliance with this program.

- Analyzes available data regarding DBE participation and works with all departments to set overall annual goals.
- Ensures that bid notices and requests for proposals are available to DBEs in a timely manner.
- Identifies contracts and procurements so that DBE goals are included in solicitations (both race-neutral methods and contract specific goals) and monitors results.
- Analyzes TAA's progress toward attainment and identifies ways to improve progress.
- Participates in pre-bid meetings.
- Advises the CEO\governing body on DBE matters and achievement.
- Participates with the legal counsel and project director to determine contractor compliance with good faith efforts.
- Provides DBEs with information and assistance in preparing bids, obtaining bonding and insurance.
- Plans and participates in DBE training seminars and events.
- Acts as liaison to the Uniform Certification Program in Arizona.
- Provides outreach to DBEs and community organizations to advise them of opportunities.
- Verifies DBE status using the Uniform Certification Program directory of certified DBEs.

## **Section 26.27 DBE Financial Institutions**

TAA has investigated the availability of services provided by financial institutions owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals in the community by inquiring of DBE organizations and other grant recipients in the area, but have not identified any such institutions. TAA will make continuing efforts to identify such financial institutions by periodically conferring with banking and DBE organizations and other grant recipients in the state.

## **Section 26.29 Prompt Payment Mechanisms**

TAA requires that all subcontractors performing work on DOT-assisted contracts shall be promptly paid for work performed pursuant to their agreements, in accordance with all relevant federal, state, and local law.

In accordance with 49 CFR §26.29, TAA established a contract clause implementing this requirement and requires prime contractors to pay subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their contracts no later than 30 days from the prime contractor's receipt of each payment from TAA.

TAA ensures prompt and full payment of retainage from the prime contractor to the subcontractor within 30 days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. Pursuant to §26.29, TAA has selected the following method to comply with this requirement:



TAA will hold retainage from prime contractors and provide for prompt and regular incremental acceptances of portions of the prime contracts, pay retainage to prime contractors based on these acceptances, and require a contract clause obligating the prime contractor to pay all retainage owed to the subcontractor for satisfactory completion of the accepted work within 7 days after TAA's payment to the prime contractor.

To implement this measure, TAA includes the following clause from FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10 in each DOT-assisted prime contract:

The Contractor is required to pay all subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their contracts no later than 7 days after the Contractor has received a partial payment. Contractor must provide TAA evidence of prompt and full payment of retainage held by the Prime Contractor to the subcontractor within 30 days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented as required by TAA. When TAA has made an incremental acceptance of a portion of a prime contract, the work of a subcontractor covered by that acceptance is deemed to be satisfactorily completed.

#### **Section 26.31 Directory**

TAA is a non-certifying member of the Arizona Unified Certification Program (UCP). The UCP maintains a directory identifying all firms eligible to participate as DBEs, which contains all the elements required by §26.31.

#### **Section 26.33 Over-concentration**

TAA has not identified that over-concentration exists in the types of work that DBEs perform.

#### **Section 26.35 Business Development Programs**

TAA has not established a business development program.

#### **Section 26.37 Monitoring Responsibilities**

TAA implements and carries out appropriate mechanisms to ensure compliance with 49 CFR Part 26 program requirements by all program participants, including prompt payment, and describes and set forth these mechanisms in TAA's DBE program.

TAA actively monitors participation by maintaining a running tally of actual DBE attainments (*e.g.*, payments actually made to DBE firms), including a means of comparing these attainments to commitments.

Monitoring Payments to DBEs and Non-DBEs

TAA undertakes ongoing monitoring of prime payments to subcontractors over the course of any covered contract. Such monitoring activities will be accomplished through the following method(s):

1. Implement a monitoring and enforcement mechanism to ensure that work committed to DBES at contract award or subsequently (i.e., as the result of modification to the contract) is actually performed by the DBEs to which the work was committed.
2. Implement a monitoring and enforcement mechanism that will include written certification that TAA has reviewed contracting records and monitored work sites for this purpose.
3. Implement a mechanism that will provide for a running tally of actual DBE attainments (e.g., payment actually made to DBE firms), including a means of comparing these attainments to commitments. In our reports of DBE participation to DOT, TAA will show both commitments and attainments, as required by the DOT uniform reporting form.

TAA requires prime contractors to maintain records and documents of payments to subcontractors, including DBEs, for a minimum of three (3) years unless otherwise provided by applicable record retention requirements for TAA's financial assistance agreement, whichever is longer. These records will be made available for inspection upon request by any authorized representative of TAA or DOT. This reporting requirement extends to all subcontractors, both DBE and non-DBE.

TAA proactively reviews contract payments to subcontractors including DBEs monthly. Payment reviews will evaluate whether the actual amount paid to DBE subcontractors is equivalent to the amounts reported to TAA by the prime contractor.

Prompt Payment Dispute Resolution

TAA will take the following steps to resolve disputes as to whether work has been satisfactorily completed for purposes of §26.29.

A meeting between the prime contractor and applicable subcontractors, also to include staff from TAA, such as project manager and DBELO shall begin the dispute resolution process.

TAA has established, as part of its DBE program, the following mechanisms(s) to ensure prompt payment and return of retainage [*examples of mechanisms include the following*]:

- (1) Alternative dispute resolution (ADR)

The Prime Contractor, prior to TAA issuing the Notice to Proceed must submit to TAA a detailed alternative dispute resolution plan for approval.

(2) A contract clause providing that the prime contractor will not be reimbursed for work performed by subcontractors unless and until the Prime Contractor ensures that the subcontractors are promptly paid for the work they have performed.

The Prime Contractor agrees to pay each subcontractor under this prime contract for satisfactory performance of its contract no later than 7 days from the receipt of each payment the Prime Contractor receives from TAA. Failure by the Prime Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as TAA deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- 1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- 2) Assessing sanctions;
- 3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- 4) Disqualifying the Prime Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

#### Prompt Payment Complaints

Complaints by subcontractors regarding the prompt payment requirements are handled according to the following procedure.

- If affected subcontractor is not comfortable contracting prime directly regarding payment or unable to resolve payment discrepancies with prime, subcontractor should contact DBELO to initiate complaint.
- If filing a prompt payment complaint with the DBELO does not result in timely and meaningful action by TAA to resolve prompt payment disputes, affected subcontractor may contact the responsible FAA contact.

#### Enforcement Actions for Noncompliance of Participants

TAA will provide appropriate means to enforce the requirements of §26.29. These means include:

- In accordance with the contract, assessing liquidated damages against the prime contractor for each day beyond the required time period the prime contractor fails to pay the subcontractor
- Advise subcontractors of the availability of the payment and performance bond to assure payment for labor and materials in the execution of the work provided for in the contract
- Pay subcontractors directly and deduct this amount from the retainage owed to the prime

- Issue a stop-work order until payments are released to subcontractors, specifying in the contract that such orders constitute unauthorized delays for the purposes of calculating liquidated damages if milestones are not met
- Other penalties for failure to comply, up to and including contract termination.

TAA will actively implement the enforcement actions detailed above.

#### Monitoring Contracts and Work Sites

TAA reviews contracting records and engages in active monitoring of work sites to ensure that work committed to DBEs at contract award or subsequently (*e.g.*, as the result of modification to the contract) is actually performed by the DBEs to which the work was committed. Work site monitoring is performed by the DBELO with the assistance of project managers and consultants. TAA will maintain written certification that contracting records have been reviewed and work sites have been monitored for this purpose.

#### **Section 26.39 Fostering small business participation.**

TAA has created a Small Business element to structure contracting requirements to facilitate competition by small business concerns, taking all reasonable steps to eliminate obstacles to their participation, including unnecessary and unjustified bundling of contract requirements that may preclude small business participation in procurements as prime contractors or subcontractors.

TAA's Small Business Program Element is incorporated as Attachment 10 to this DBE Program. The program element will be actively implemented to foster small business participation. **Implementation of the small business element is required in order for TAA to be considered by DOT as implementing this DBE program in good faith.**

## SUBPART C – GOALS, GOOD FAITH EFFORTS, AND COUNTING

### **Section 26.43 Set-asides or Quotas**

TAA does not use quotas in any way in the administration of this DBE program.

### **Section 26.45 Overall Goals**

TAA will establish an overall DBE goal covering a three-year federal fiscal year period if TAA anticipates awarding DOT/FAA funded prime contracts the cumulative total value of which exceeds \$250,000 during any one or more of the reporting fiscal years within the three-year goal period. In accordance with Section 26.45(f) TAA will submit its Overall Three-year DBE Goal to FAA by August 1 of the year in which the goal is due, as required by the schedule established by and posted to the website of FAA at

[https://www.faa.gov/about/office\\_org/headquarters\\_offices/acr/bus\\_ent\\_program/media/Schedule\\_of\\_DBE\\_and\\_ACDBE\\_Reporting\\_Requirements\\_Dec\\_2017\\_Issue.pdf](https://www.faa.gov/about/office_org/headquarters_offices/acr/bus_ent_program/media/Schedule_of_DBE_and_ACDBE_Reporting_Requirements_Dec_2017_Issue.pdf)

<b>Airport Type</b>	<b>Region</b>	<b>Goal Period</b>	<b>Goal Due</b>
<b>Small Hub Primary</b>	<b>All Regions</b>	<b>2021/2022/2023</b>	<b>August 1, 2020</b>

The DBE goals will be established in accordanc with the 2-step process as specified in 49 CFR Part 26.45. If TAA does not anticipate awarding prime contracts the cumulative total value of which exceeds \$250,000 in DOT funds during any of the years within the three-year reporting period, an overall goal will not be developed. However, this DBE Program will remain in effect and TAA will seek to fulfill the objectives outlines in 49 CFR Part 26.1.

Step 1. The first step is to determine a base figure for the relative availability of DBEs in the market area. TAA will use DBE Directory information and Census Bureau Data as a method to determine the base figure. TAA understands that the exclusive use of a list of prequalified contractors or plan holders, or a bidders list that does not comply with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26.45(c)(2), is not an acceptable alternative means of determining the availability of DBEs.

Step 2. The second step is to adjust, if necessary, the “base figure” percentage from Step 1 so that it reflects as accurately as possible the DBE participation the recipient would expect in the absence of discrimination. Adjustments may be made based on past participation, information from a disparity study (to the extent it is not already accounted for in the base goal), and/or information about barriers to entry to past competitiveness of DBEs on contracts. TAA will examine all of the evidence available in its jurisdiction to determine what adjustment, if any, is needed. If the evidence does not suggest an adjustment is necessary, then no adjustment shall be made.

Any methodology selected will be based on demonstrable evidence of local market conditions and be designed to ultimately attain a goal that is rationally related to the relative availability of DBEs in TAA's market.

In establishing the overall goal, TAA will provide for consultation and publication. This includes consultation with minority, women's, and general contractor groups, community organizations, and other officials or organizations which could be expected to have information concerning the availability of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged businesses, the effects of discrimination on opportunities for DBEs, and the efforts by TAA to establish a level playing field for the participation of DBEs. The consultation will include a scheduled, direct, interactive exchange (e.g., a face-to-face meeting, video conference, teleconference) with as many interested stakeholders as possible focused on obtaining information relevant to the goal methodology to the operating administration for review pursuant to §26.45(f). The goal submission will document the consultation process in which TAA engaged. Notwithstanding paragraph (f)(4) of §26.45, the proposed goal will not be implemented until this requirement is met.

In addition to the consultation described above, TAA will publish a notice announcing the proposed overall goal before submission to the FAA on August 1<sup>st</sup>. The notice will be posted on TAA official internet web site and may be posted in other sources (e.g., minority-focused media, trade association publications). If the proposed goal changes following review by FAA, the revised goal will be posted on the official internet web site.

The public will also be informed that the proposed overall goal and its rationale are available for inspection during normal business hours at the principal office of TAA. This notice will provide that TAA and FAA will accept comments on the goals for 30 days from the date of the notice. Notice of the comment period will include the addresses to which comments may be sent (including offices and websites) where the proposal may be reviewed. **The public comment period will not extend the August 1<sup>st</sup> deadline.**

The Overall Three-Year DBE Goal submission to FAA will include a summary of information and comments received, if any, during this public participation process and TAA responses.

TAA will begin using the overall goal on October 1 of the relevant period, unless other instructions from FAA have been received.

### Project Goals

If permitted or required by the FAA Administrator, an overall goal may be expressed as a percentage of funds for a particular grant or project or group of grants and/or projects, including entire projects. Like other overall goals, a project goal may be adjusted to reflect changed circumstances, with the concurrence of the appropriate operating administration. A project goal is an overall goal, and must meet all the substantive and procedural requirements of this section pertaining to overall goals. A project goal covers the entire length of the project to which it applies. The project goal will include a projection of the DBE participation anticipated to be obtained during each fiscal year covered by the project goal. The funds for the project to which

the project goal pertains are separated from the base from which the regular overall goal, applicable to contracts not part of the project covered by a project goal, is calculated.

If a goal is established on a project basis, the goal will be used by the time of the first solicitation for a DOT-assisted contract for the project.

#### Prior Operating Administration Concurrence

TAA understands that prior FAA concurrence with the overall goal is not required. However, if the FAA review suggests that the overall goal has not been correctly calculated or that the method employed by TAA for calculating is inadequate, FAA may, after consulting with TAA, adjust the overall goal or require that the goal be adjusted by TAA. The adjusted overall goal is binding. In evaluating the adequacy or soundness of the methodology used to derive the overall goal, the U.S. DOT operating administration will be guided by the goal setting principles and best practices identified by the Department in guidance issued pursuant to §26.9.

A description of the methodology to calculate the overall goal and the goal calculations can be found in Attachment 5 to this program.

#### **Section 26.47            Failure to meet overall goals**

TAA cannot be penalized, or treated by the Department as being in noncompliance with Part 26, because DBE participation falls short of an overall goal, unless TAA fails to administer its DBE program in good faith.

TAA understands that to be considered to be in compliance with this part, an approved DBE Program and overall DBE goal, if applicable, must be maintained, and this DBE Program must be administered in good faith.

TAA understands that if the awards and commitments shown on the Uniform Report of Awards or Commitments and Payments at the end of any fiscal year are less than the overall goal applicable to that fiscal year, the following actions must be taken in order to be regarded by the Department as implementing this DBE Program in good faith:

- Analyze in detail the reasons for the difference between the overall goal and our awards and commitments in that fiscal year;
- Establish specific steps and milestones to correct the problems identified in the analysis to enable us to meet the goal for the new fiscal year;
- Prepare, within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year, the analysis and corrective actions developed under paragraph (c)(1) and (2) of section 26.47. TAA will retain a copy of analysis and corrective actions in records for a minimum of three years, and will make it available to FAA upon request.

**Section 26.51 Means Recipients Use to Meet Overall Goals**

Breakout of Estimated Race-Neutral & Race-Conscious Participation

TAA intends to meet the maximum feasible portion of its overall goal by using race-neutral means of facilitating race-neutral DBE participation. Race-neutral DBE participation includes any time a DBE wins a prime contract through customary competitive procurement procedures or is awarded a subcontract on a prime contract that does not carry a DBE contract goal.

Race-neutral means may include, but are not limited to the following:

- Arranging solicitations, times for the presentation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules in ways that facilitate participation by DBEs and other small businesses and by making contracts more accessible to small businesses, by means such as those provided under § 26.39.
- Plan or participate in community outreach activities for the purpose of informing potential contractors of available business opportunities.
- Maintain a current DBE Directory, through the AZUCP, as a source of identifying all DBEs currently recognized by TAA; provide access information to the DBE Directory to prospective proposers and contractors at all pre-submittal meetings; and provide access information to the DBE Directory with all solicitation documents.
- Make plans and specifications available for inspection by contractors at no cost during regular office hours of TAA.
- Establish prompt payment clauses in all contracts to facilitate the receipt of timely progress payments by subcontractors for work completed, following requests for payment.
- Maintain an "Interest List" of all consultants, contractors and suppliers who have expressed an interest in contracting with TAA. The list will identify the DBE status of the firm.
- Utilization, when possible, of intergovernmental purchasing agreements that incorporate participation of DBEs, such as State of Arizona Procurement, Mohave Educational Services Cooperative, and Western States Contracting Alliance.
- Development of a TAA website link that contains all contracting and procurement opportunities.
- Development of links on the TAA website which will enable access to the AZUCP website, which contains the DBE Directory, DBE certification application and



instructions, contact information for certifying agencies, Arizona DBE calendar for training and special events.

- Direct mail campaign via email to chambers of commerce and other local trade associations for distribution of TAA procurement opportunity notices directly to their membership.
- Hold annual meetings with interested parties to discuss TAA's goal setting process and procurement opportunities, and to provide time for any questions about working with TAA.

The breakout of estimated race-neutral participation can be found in Attachment 5 to this program.

TAA will arrange solicitations, times for the presentation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules in ways that facilitate participation by DBEs and other small businesses and by making contracts more accessible to small businesses, by means such as those provided under § 26.39.

#### Contract Goals

If the approved project under paragraph (c) of §26.51 estimates that the entire overall goal for a given year can be met through race-neutral means, contract goals will not be set during that year, unless the use of contract goals becomes necessary in order to meet the overall goal.

Contract goals will be established only on those DOT-assisted contracts that have subcontracting possibilities. A contract goal need not be established on every such contract, and the size of contract goals will be adapted to the circumstances of each such contract (e.g., type and location of work, availability of DBEs to perform the particular type of work).

Contract goals will be expressed as a percentage of the total amount of a DOT-assisted contract.

#### **Section 26.53 Good Faith Efforts Procedures in Situations where there are Contract Goals**

##### Demonstration of good faith efforts (pre-award)

In cases where a contract goal has been established, the contract in question will only be awarded to a bidder/offeror that has made good faith efforts to meet the contract goal. The bidder/offeror can demonstrate that it has made good faith efforts by either meeting the contract goal or documenting that it has made adequate good faith efforts to do so. Examples of good faith efforts are found in Appendix A to Part 26.

The Compliance Administrator is responsible for determining whether a bidder/proposer who has not met the contract goal has documented sufficient good faith efforts to be regarded as responsive.

TAA will ensure that all information is complete and accurate and adequately documents the bidder/offeree's good faith efforts before TAA commits to the performance of the contract by the bidder/offeree.

In our solicitations for DOT/FAA-assisted contracts for which a contract goal has been established, the following information will be required of every bidder/offeree:

- (1) Award of the contract will be conditioned on meeting the requirements of section 26.53;
- (2) All bidders or offerors will be required to submit the following information to the recipient, at the time provided in paragraph (b) (3) of section 26.53:
  - i. The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
  - ii. A description of the work that each DBE will perform. To count toward meeting a goal, each DBE firm must be certified in a NAICS code applicable to the kind of work the firm would perform on the contract;
  - iii. The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating;
  - iv. Written documentation of the bidder/offeree's commitment to use a DBE subcontractor whose participation it submits to meet a contract goal; and
  - v. Written confirmation from each listed DBE firm that is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work provided in the prime contractor's commitment.
  - vi. If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts (as elaborated in Appendix A of Part 26). The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract; and
- (3) TAA will require that the bidder/proposer present the information required by paragraph (b)(2) of this section:
- (4) Under sealed bid procedures, proposals, or under contract negotiation procedures, as a matter of responsibility, within five days of notice of recommendation for award.

Provided that, in a negotiated procurement, including a design-build procurement, the bidder/offeree may make a contractually binding commitment to meet the goal at the time of bid submission or the presentation of initial proposals but provide the information required by paragraph (b)(2) of 26.53 before the final selection for the contract is made by TAA.

#### Administrative reconsideration

Within 5 business days of being informed by TAA that its bid/proposal it is not responsive because it has not documented adequate good faith efforts, a bidder/offeree may request administrative reconsideration. Bidder/Offerors should make this request in writing to the following reconsideration official: Tucson Airport Authority, Chief Executive Officer, 7250 South Tucson Boulevard, Suite 300, Tucson, Arizona 85756. The reconsideration official will

not have played any role in the original determination that the bidder/offeror did not document sufficient good faith efforts.

As part of this reconsideration, the bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to provide written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate good faith efforts to do so. The bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to meet in person with the TAA Reconsideration Official to discuss the issue of whether the goal was met or the bidder/offeror made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

TAA will send the bidder/offeror a written decision on reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the Department of Transportation.

#### Good Faith Efforts Procedural Requirements (Post-Solicitation)

The awarded contractor will be required to make available upon request a copy of all DBE subcontracts. The contractor shall ensure that all subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials include all required contract provisions and mandate that the subcontractor and all lower tier subcontractors perform in accordance with the provisions of Part 26.

Prime contractors will be prohibited from terminating a DBE subcontractor listed in response to a covered solicitation (or an approved substitute DBE firm) without the prior written consent of TAA. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or another DBE firm.

Such written consent will be provide only if TAA agrees, for reasons stated in the concurrence document, that the prime contractor has good cause to terminate the DBE firm. For purpose of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

1. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
2. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
3. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, non-discriminatory bond requirements.
4. The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
5. The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;

6. We have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
7. The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to us written notice of its withdrawal;
8. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
9. A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
10. Other documented good cause that TAA has determined compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

Before transmitting to TAA a request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the prime contractor must give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to TAA, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute the DBE, and the reason(s) for the request.

The prime contractor must give the DBE five days to respond to the prime contractor's notice and advise TAA and the prime contractor of the reasons, if any, why the DBE objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the prime contractor's action should not be approved. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity (e.g., safety), a response period shorter than five days may be provided.

In addition to post-award terminations, the provisions of this section apply to pre-award deletions of or substitutions for DBE firms put forward by offerors in negotiated procurements.

Each prime contract will include a provision stating:

The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed in the contractor's [bid/solicitation] response to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains prior written consent of TAA as provided in 49 CFR Part 26, §26.53(f). Unless such consent is provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

TAA will require a contractor to make good faith efforts to replace a DBE that is terminated or has otherwise failed to complete its work on a contract with another certified DBE. These good faith efforts shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal that was established for the procurement. The good faith efforts shall be documented by contractor. If TAA requests documentation from the contractor under this provision, the contractor shall submit the documentation within 7 days, which may be extended for an additional 7 days if necessary at the request of the contractor. TAA shall provide a written determination to the contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

If the contractor fails or refuses to comply in the time specified, the contracting office/representative of TAA may issue an order stopping all or part of payment/work until satisfactory action has been taken. If the contractor still fails to comply, the contracting officer may issue a termination for default proceeding.

#### **Section 26.55 Counting DBE Participation**

DBE participation will be counted toward overall and contract goals as provided in §26.55. The participation of a DBE subcontractor will not be counted toward a contractor's final compliance with its DBE obligations on a contract until the amount being counted has actually been paid to the DBE.

In the case of post-award substitution or additions, if a firm is not currently certified as a DBE in accordance with the standards of subpart D of Part 26 at the time of the execution of the contract, the firm's participation will not be counted toward any DBE goals, except as provided for in §26.87(j).

**SUBPART D – CERTIFICATION STANDARDS**

**Section 26.61 – 26.73 Certification Process**

TAA is a non-certifying member of the Arizona Unified Certification Program (UCP). The Arizona UCP will use the certification standards of Subpart D of Part 26 to determine the eligibility of firms to participate as DBEs in DOT-assisted contracts. To be certified as a DBE, a firm must meet all certification eligibility standards. Certifying Arizona UCP member make all certification decisions based on the facts as a whole.

For information about the certification process or to apply for certification, firms should contact:

City of Tucson - <https://tucsonaz.diversitycompliance.com/>

City of Phoenix - <https://phoenix.diversitycompliance.com/>

Arizona Department of Transportation - <https://adot.dbesystem.com/>

The Uniform Certification Application form and documentation requirements are found in Attachment 8 to this program.

**SUBPART E – CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

**Section 26.81 Unified Certification Programs**

TAA is the member of a Unified Certification Program (UCP) administered by The State of Arizona. The UCP will meet all of the requirements of Section 26.81.

TAA is not a certifying agency; therefore, Sections 26.83 through 26.89 are being omitted.

**SUBPART F – COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT**

**Section 26.101      Compliance Procedures Applicable to TAA**

TAA understands that if it fails to comply with any requirement of this part, TAA may be subject to formal enforcement action under §26.103 or §26.105 or appropriate program sanctions by the concerned operating administration, such as the suspension or termination of Federal funds, or refusal to approve projects, grants, or contracts until deficiencies are remedied. Program sanctions may include, in the case of the FHWA program, actions provided for under 23 CFR 1.36; in the case of the FAA program, actions consistent with 49 U.S.C. 47106(d), 47111(d), and 47122; and in the case of the FTA program, any actions permitted under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 or applicable FTA program requirements.

**Section 26.109      Information, Confidentiality, Cooperation and intimidation or retaliation**

Information that may reasonably be regarded as confidential business information, consistent with Federal, state, and local law will be safeguarded from disclosure to third parties.

TAA will ensure that entity identifying information and personal identifying information (as such terms are defined in A.R.S. § 13-2001) is secure and cannot be accessed, viewed or acquired unless authorized or required by law. TAA will safeguard from disclosure to third parties information that may reasonably be regarded as confidential business information, consistent with Federal, state, and local law.

Notwithstanding any provision of Federal or state law, information that may reasonably be construed as confidential business information will not be released to any third party without the written consent of the firm that submitted the information. However, this information will be transmitted to DOT in any certification appeal proceeding under §26.89 or to any other state to which the individual's firm has applied for certification under § 26.85.

All participants in the Department's DBE program (including, but not limited to, recipients, DBE firms and applicants for DBE certification, complainants and appellants, and contractors using DBE firms to meet contract goals) are required to cooperate fully and promptly with DOT and recipient compliance reviews, certification reviews, investigations, and other requests for information. Failure to do so shall be a ground for appropriate action against the party involved (e.g., with respect to recipients, a finding of noncompliance; with respect to DBE firms, denial of certification or removal of eligibility and/or suspension and debarment; with respect to a complainant or appellant, dismissal of the complaint or appeal; with respect to a contractor which uses DBE firms to meet goals, findings of non-responsibility for future contracts and/or suspension and debarment).

The Tucson Airport Authority, contractor, or any other participant in the program will not intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual or firm for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by this part or because the individual or firm has made a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation,

proceeding, or hearing under this part. TAA understands that it is in noncompliance with Part 26 if it violates this prohibition.



**ATTACHMENTS**

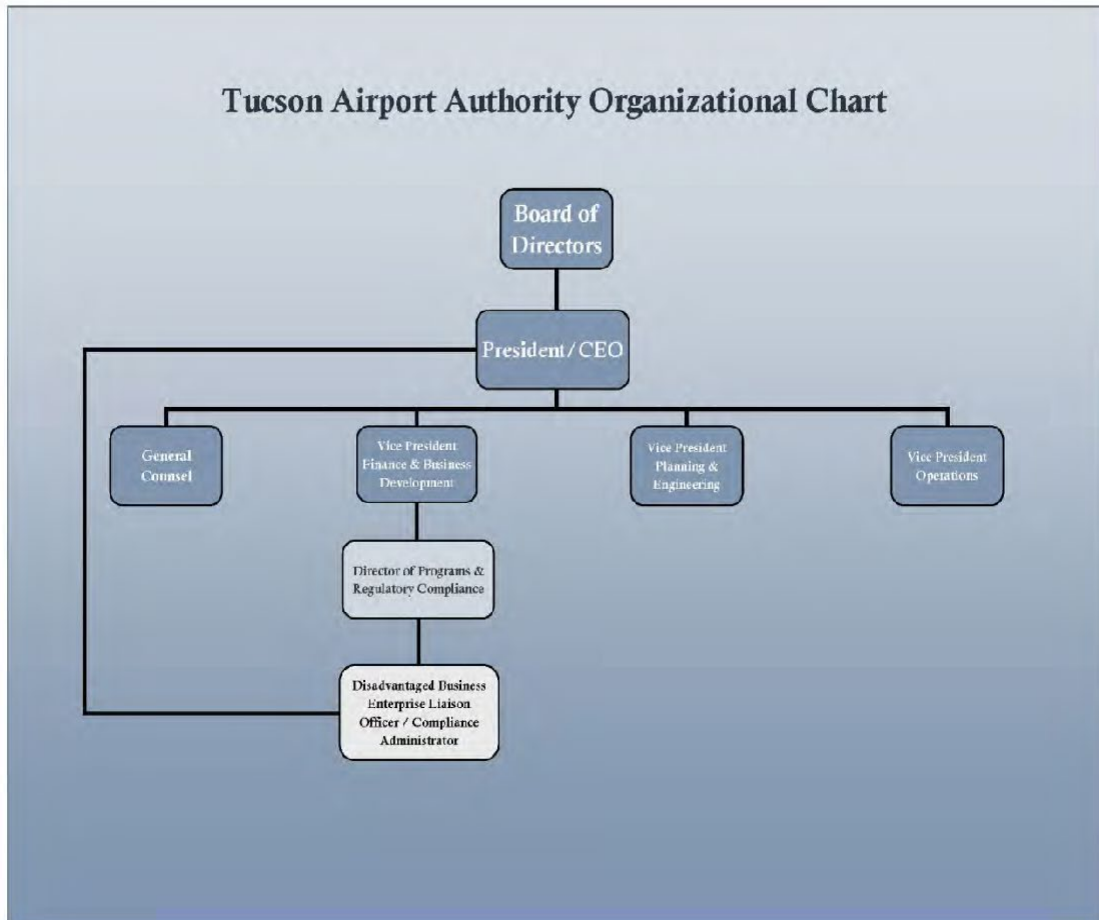
Attachment 1	Regulations: 49 CFR Part 26
Attachment 2	Organizational Chart
Attachment 3	Bidder's Interest List Collection Form
Attachment 4	Arizona DBE Directory Link
Attachment 5	Overall Goal Calculations
Attachment 6	Demonstration of Good Faith Efforts – Forms 1 & 2
Attachment 7	DBE Monitoring and Enforcement Mechanisms
Attachment 8	DBE Certification – Link to State's UCP website
Attachment 9	State's UCP Agreement
Attachment 10	Small Business Element Program
Attachment 11	Public Notice

**ATTACHMENT 1**  
**Regulations: 49 CFR Part 26**

**Title 49 Subtitle A Part 26**

<https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=69edb4528b8ac03be84fff9af9fe902f&mc=true&node=pt49.1.26&rgn=div5>

**ATTACHMENT 2**  
**Organizational Chart**



**ATTACHMENT 3**  
**Bidder's Interest List Collection Form**

# DBE PROGRAM – 49 CFR PART 26 | 2021-2023

## TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY INTEREST LIST FORM

The Tucson Airport Authority ("TAA"), in compliance with federal regulations, is seeking to compile an interest list containing the following information about each firm who has interest in an airport project. Please complete this form regarding your firm, and for any subcontractors, material men, or suppliers from whom you solicited interest. A copy of the current TAA Interest List can be obtained from Sylvia Granillo via phone at 520-573-4821, via fax at 520-573-8008, or via email at [sgranillo@flytucson.com](mailto:sgranillo@flytucson.com).

Firm understands and agrees that the following information will be published and made available to interested parties upon request (please check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No

Name of Firm: \_\_\_\_\_

Contact Person: \_\_\_\_\_

Address of Firm: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_

Fax: \_\_\_\_\_

Email Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Specialty of Firm: \_\_\_\_\_

Is the firm currently certified as a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise ("DBE") and/or Small Business Enterprise ("SBE") by any Partner(s) of the Arizona Unified Certification Program (City of Tucson, City of Phoenix, Arizona Department of Transportation)?

DBE: ☐ Yes ☐ No

SBE: ☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, please state from which certifying agency the firm received its certification: \_\_\_\_\_

Age of firm (number of years since commencing business): \_\_\_\_\_

Annual gross receipts of the firm:

☐ Less than \$500,000 ☐ \$15,000,000 - \$20,000,000

☐ \$500,000 - \$999,999 ☐ Over \$20,000,000

☐ \$1,000,000 - \$1,999,999

☐ \$2,000,000 - \$4,999,999

☐ \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999

☐ \$10,000,000 - \$14,999,999

**ATTACHMENT 4**  
**Arizona DBE Directory**

**<https://utracs.azdot.gov>**



**ATTACHMENT 5**

**Section 26.45: Overall DBE Three-Year Goal Methodology**

**TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY  
GOAL FOR PARTICIPATION BY DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES  
ON FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECTS  
FISCAL YEARS 2021-2023**

The Tucson Airport Authority (“TAA”), as a recipient of funds administered by the United States Department of Transportation for use on approved airport projects, is required to develop goals for participation of disadvantaged business enterprises (“DBEs”) in those projects. The goal is expressed in terms of a percentage of DOT assisted contracts awarded by TAA that are paid to DBEs.

TAA anticipates awarding approximately \$93 million in federal funds for projects at Tucson International Airport and Ryan Airfield during Fiscal years 2021-2023.

*Methodology.* The first step in developing a goal is identifying the marketplace from which TAA obtains its contractors. The second step is to determine the general availability of DBEs in that marketplace doing the kind of work for which TAA will be contracting on federally funded projects during this fiscal year. The final step is to refine that base figure as appropriate to arrive at the overall goal.

*Marketplace.* Based on TAA’s existing bidders list, over half of the bidders that have expressed an interest in TAA projects come from Pima County, which includes the Tucson metropolitan area. Most of the rest come from of the State of Arizona (primarily from Maricopa County, which includes the Phoenix area). Only a very small percentage is from out of state. TAA enters into agreements, on federally funded projects, in the areas of construction as well as professional services such as architectural/engineering services, surveying, and consulting. The relevant market for which we must determine DBE availability is therefore these types of businesses within the state of Arizona as a whole.

*Base Availability Figure.* In order to determine general DBE availability within TAA’s marketplace, TAA, in accordance with DOT regulations, relies primarily on relevant DBE directories, and census bureau data.

As described in DOT regulations, one method is to express the number of DBEs available to TAA as a percentage of the firms available in the relevant market area, based on census information obtained from the NAICS codes. After consultation with FAA representatives, it has become apparent that the following method is the most appropriate for TAA in determining DBE availability.

Each DBE business in the AZ Unified Certification Program (UCP) directories indicates a work specialty. Because out-of-state certified DBEs have performed only minimal work at TAA, only in-state contractors were considered in the analysis. The number of DBEs in each specialty was then compared to statewide registered businesses having a similar NAICS code listing. This statewide analysis of registered businesses was obtained from the NAICS County Business Patterns Code Comparison.

To obtain an overall base figure we then totaled the number of “DBE” businesses in those specialties in which TAA intends to perform work for federally funded projects in fiscal years 2021-2023 (numerator). This number was 1,717. We then totaled the “TOTAL BUSINESSES” in these same codes (obtained from the NAICS listings). This number was 31,954 (denominator). By dividing 1,717 by 31,954, the base figure of 5.37% emerged.

Adjustment.

TAA believes it is appropriate to adjust the base figure of 5.37% to give consideration of area experience regarding DBE availability and participation. As described above, the base figure of 5.37% is an estimate of the general availability of DBEs in the relevant marketplace. TAA’s last 3 years of DBE participation levels on federally funded projects, as reported to the FAA under Part 26, averaged 7.66%.

Averaging the availability of DBE firms and TAA’s past participation achievement result in 6.52%.

$$(5.37\% + 7.66\%) / 2 = 6.52\%$$

Based on these factors, we have concluded that a reasonable aspirational goal for TAA for DBE participation would be approximately 7%. After seeking public participation as discussed hereafter, we set TAA’s overall goal at 7% for each of the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 2020 and running through September 30, 2023. We will express our contract goals as a percentage of the total amount of a DOT-assisted contract awarded.

Based on the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals decision in *Western States Paving v. Washington State Department of Transportation*, TAA has implemented a race-neutral program to meet the overall goal of 7%. Since eliminating race-conscious measures in its DBE program in response to *Western States*, TAA has increased or maintained the level of DBE participation each year, and expect to continue to build on its successful race-neutral outreach program in order to meet its goals.

For reporting purposes, race-neutral DBE participation includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following: DBE participation through a prime contract a DBE obtains through customary competitive procurement procedures and DBE participation through a subcontract on a prime contract that does not carry a DBE goal.

Public Consultation.

On Wednesday, April 29, 2020 at 2:00 p.m., TAA held a public meeting via Web Ex for the purpose of gathering comments regarding the availability of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged businesses, opportunities for DBEs and others in TAA contracting, and TAA’s efforts under Part 26 to establish a level playing field for DBE participation. TAA invited the Associated Minority Contractors of America, the Alliance of Construction Trades, Tucson Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, and Tucson-Southern Arizona Black Chamber of Commerce, who invited interested parties to attend the meeting and comment upon or review TAA’s DBE plan and goal setting procedures. In addition, ADOT included information regarding the

consultation meeting in their weekly newsletter which is provided to numerous interested vendors (DBE and non) throughout the state. TAA received numerous RSVPs to attend the meeting as a result of the notice. Over twenty (20) individuals attended the consultation meeting online. At the conclusion of the meeting, attendees posed questions regarding the availability of the program for review and obtaining information regarding the upcoming contracting opportunities. Following the consultation meeting, TAA published a notice and request for comments regarding the proposed Part 26 goal of 7%.

### Overall Goal.

After considering all of the above, TAA's overall aspirational goal for the fiscal years 2021-2023 is 7%.

### TAA Race-Neutral Activities.

TAA will meet its overall goal by using race-neutral means of facilitating DBE participation. As a responsible corporate citizen, TAA encourages DBE participation to the extent reasonably possible and consistent with other legal requirements. The following measures are being taken with respect to all contracting and purchasing opportunities:

- Plan or participate in community outreach activities for the purpose of informing potential contractors of available business opportunities. Examples of past participation activities are:

ADOT DBE & Small Business Transportation Expo  
Sponsored by Arizona Department of Transportation

ADOT DBE and Small Business Conference  
Sponsored by Arizona Department of Transportation

Reverse Trade Show  
Sponsored by National Institute of Governmental Purchasing-Copper Chapter

Southern Arizona Procurement Fair  
Sponsored by Southern Arizona Procurement Fair

- Maintain a DBE Directory, through the AZUCP, as a source of identifying all DBEs currently certified by TAA; provide access information to the DBE Directory to prospective proposers and contractors at all pre-submittal and pre-bid meetings; and provide access information to the DBE Directory with all solicitation documents.
- Make plans and specifications available for inspection by contractors at no cost during regular office hours of TAA.

- Establish prompt payment clauses in all contracts to facilitate the receipt of timely progress payments by subcontractors for work completed, following requests for payment.
- Make available instructions for obtaining DBE certification applications and instructions.
- Maintain an “Interest List” of all consultants, contractors and suppliers who have expressed an interest in contracting with TAA. The list will identify the DBE status of the firm. The interest list is made available at all outreach activities and at all pre-submittal and pre-bid meetings.
- Utilization, when possible, of intergovernmental purchasing agreements that incorporate participation of DBE’s, such as: State of Arizona procurement, Mohave Educational Services Cooperative and Western States Contracting Alliance.
- Links on the TAA website that contains all contracting and procurement opportunities.
- Links on the TAA website, which will enable access to the AZUCP website, which contains the DBE Directory, DBE certification application and instructions; contact information for certifying agencies; Arizona DBE calendar for training and special events.
- Direct mail campaign via email to the Associated Minority Contractors of America–Arizona (AMCA), Alliance of Construction Trades, Tucson Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, and Tucson Black Chamber of Commerce contacts so they can then distribute TAA procurement opportunity notices directly to their membership.
- Direct mail campaign via email to all firms listed on TAA’s interests lists of all procurement opportunities at TAA.
- Advertisements of procurements are published in The Daily Territorial, AAAE Airport Report, Arizona Airports Association and AAAE websites, and ANTN Digicast Aviation News.
- Hold meetings with interested parties to discuss TAA’s goal setting process; procurement opportunities; and to provide time for any questions about working with TAA.

**Attachment 6**  
**Demonstration of Good Faith Efforts**  
**Forms 1 & 2**

# DBE PROGRAM – 49 CFR PART 26

## 2021-2023

### Form 1

TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY



STATEMENT OF PROPOSED DBE UTILIZATION					
**Note: This form must be filled out completely**					
PROJECT NO. & NAME:					
COMPANY NAME	CONTACT PERSON	PHONE NO.	TRADE/MATERIALS	DOLLAR AMOUNT	% OF AGREEMENT AMOUNT
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
				\$ -	%
TOTAL AGREEMENT AMOUNT	\$ -		TOTAL DBE UTILIZATION DOLLAR & PERCENT AMT	\$ -	%

I hereby certify by signing below that the foregoing DBE firms shall be contracted to work on the trades identified above and/or supply material and/or equipment for this project. The information shown above is a true reflection of the proposed DBE utilization. Only certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprises currently certified by Arizona Department of Transportation, City of Phoenix, and City of Tucson are eligible to be counted towards DBE utilization on this project.

FIRM NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

PRINTED NAME & TITLE: \_\_\_\_\_

SIGNATURE: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

Form 2

TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY  
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE  
AGREEMENT PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATION

Project Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name: \_\_\_\_\_

This form must be completed and signed by each DBE Subconsultant/Subcontractor/Supplier/Manufacturer participating in the above referenced project and submitted by the Design Professional/Consultant/Prime Contractor/Vendor.

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that \_\_\_\_\_  
*(DBE Representative Printed Name)* *(DBE Firm Name)*

will be participating in the above referenced project as indicated on the Statement of Proposed DBE Utilization Form submitted by \_\_\_\_\_,  
*(Official Name of Design Professional/Consultant/Prime Contractor/Vendor)*

Type of work to be performed: \_\_\_\_\_

Dollar Value of Work: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date



**ATTACHMENT 7**  
**DBE Monitoring and Enforcement Mechanisms**

The Tucson Airport Authority has available several remedies to enforce the DBE requirements contained in its contracts, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Withholding of payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
2. Deduction from the contract funds due or to become due the contractor; and/or
3. Disqualification of the contractor as non-responsible, and/or
4. Cancellation, termination, or suspension of the contract in whole or in part. TAA will make prompt compliance determinations regarding its prime contractor. A letter of noncompliance will include the specific areas in which the contractor failed to comply. Failure by a contractor to carry out commitments and policies set forth herein shall constitute a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract or whatever corrective action TAA considers appropriate.

In addition, the Federal government has available several enforcement mechanisms that it may apply to firms, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Suspension or debarment proceedings pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26
2. Enforcement action pursuant to 49 CFR Part 31
3. Prosecution pursuant to 18 USC 1001.

**ATTACHMENT 8**  
**DBE Certification –**  
**Links to AZUCP Partners Websites**

In the Tucson area, contact the City of Tucson

City of Tucson Department of Procurement  
255 W. Alameda, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor  
P.O. Box 27210  
Tucson, AZ 85726-7210  
520.837.4000

<https://www.tucsonaz.gov/procurement/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-dbe>

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In the Phoenix area, contact the City of Phoenix

City of Phoenix  
Equal Opportunity Department  
Business Relations Division  
251 W. Washington St. 7<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Phoenix, AZ 85003  
602.262.6790 or 602.534.1557/TTY

<https://www.phoenix.gov/eod/programs/sbecetprograms>

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Outside of the Tucson and Phoenix area, contact Arizona Department of Transportation

Arizona Department of Transportation  
Business Engagement and Compliance Office  
1801 W. Jefferson #101, MD154A  
251 W. Washington St. 7<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Phoenix, AZ 85007  
602.712.7761

<https://utracs.azdot.gov/>

**ATTACHMENT 9**  
**State's UCP Agreement**



**ARIZONA UNIFIED CERTIFICATION PROGRAM  
(AZUCP)**

**Memorandum of Understanding**

This Memorandum of Understanding acknowledges that you (recipient named below) are a recipient of United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) funding and as such, you are a partner in the efforts related to the inclusion of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) and Airport Concession Disadvantaged Enterprises (ACDBE) certified in the State of Arizona. The AZUCP, comprised of the Arizona Department of Transportation, City of Phoenix, and City of Tucson, certify firms consistent with the AZUCP Agreement and according to 49 CFR Parts 23 and 26.

**Tucson Airport Authority**

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Federal-Aid Recipient

By signing this Memorandum of Understanding, the federal-aid recipient (named above) understands and will agree to all of the following:

1. We will comply with the administration of the DBE Program as prescribed by the regulations and requirements of USDOT and its modal agencies (i.e. Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Highway Administration, and Federal Transit Administration).
2. We will support the efforts of the AZUCP in conducting outreach and certifying firms as DBE and/or ACDBE in accordance with the eligibility requirements and guidelines outlined in 49 CFR Parts 23 and 26.
3. We acknowledge that we are not a DBE/ACDBE certifying agency within the state of Arizona and we agree to accept all firms certified by the AZUCP as DBE's and/or ACDBE's in order to be utilized for DBE credit on all applicable USDOT-assisted contracts.
4. We will ensure non-discrimination in the award and administration of all USDOT-assisted contracts and create a level playing field on which DBE's can compete by removing barriers for the participation of DBE firms.
5. We will provide outreach, education, and/or training to assist in the development of firms to compete in the relevant market area outside of the DBE Program.
6. We herein affirm that we will immediately notify the AZUCP of any firm that does not meet the DBE eligibility criteria or if any firm is suspected or confirmed to have provided false, fraudulent, deceitful statements or representations or any other circumstances that indicate an issue regarding any firm's eligibility to participate in the DBE Program.

On the 5 day of September, 20...1§\_\_, by signature below, the undersigned Federal-Aid Recipient agrees to the terms and conditions cited herein as a matter of compliance with 49 CFR Parts 23 and 26 and the AZUCP Agreement.

— Authorized Signature

Bonnie A. Allin, President/CEO

Name and Title

September 5, 2018

Date

**ATTACHMENT 10**  
**Small Business Element**

**Small Business Element**

**1. Objective/Strategies**

As part of this program element, Tucson Airport Authority will implement the following strategies:

- On prime contracts not having DBE contract goals, requiring the prime contractor to provide subcontracting opportunities of a size that small businesses, including DBEs, can reasonably perform, rather than self-performing all the work involved.
- When feasible and practical, establish a race-neutral small business set-aside for prime contracts under \$1 million when there are no DBE contract goals.
- Provide information on resources to assist and support small businesses in the community.

**Definition**

- DBE firms are eligible under the TAA small business program.
- The small business standard is consistent with 49 CFR 26.5 and must be no larger than the Small Business Administration's size standards. DBE firms and small firms eligible for the program should be similarly sized to reduce competitive conflict between DBE and non-DBE firms.

**2. Verification**

- All small business enterprises must be certified under the Arizona UCP program. TAA will document proper certifications and will refer to the State or other proper authority any concerns of potential/suspected fraudulent certifications.

**3. Monitoring/Record Keeping**

- TAA will track contracts by both DBE and SBE status.
- Small Business element will be tracked by the DBELO.



**4. Assurance**

- TAA makes the following assurances:
  1. This program is authorized under state law.
  2. Certified DBEs that meet the size criteria established under the program are presumptively eligible to participate in the program and will be determined under the guidelines of the Arizona UCP program.
  3. No geographic preferences or limitations will be imposed on any federally-assisted procurement included in the program.
  4. There is no limit on the number of contracts awarded to firms participating in the program but that efforts will be made to avoid creating barriers to the use of new, emerging, or untried businesses.
  5. Steps will be taken to encourage those minority and women owned firms that are eligible for DBE certification to become certified.
  6. The program is open to small businesses regardless of their locations (i.e., that there is no local or other geographic preference).

**ATTACHMENT 11**  
**Public Notice**

**TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY  
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PROGRAM  
PUBLISHED NOTICE RE OVERALL DBE GOAL**

*For publication in Pima County:*

The Tucson Airport Authority (TAA) as a result of the 9<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court Decision in Western States Paving Company v. Washington State Department of Transportation has determined that it will only use race-neutral measures for the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program for U.S. Department of Transportation funded projects during fiscal years 2021 – 2023. TAA has set an aspirational goal of 7% for fiscal years beginning October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2023.

A written explanation of how the aspirational goal was determined will be available for inspection at the offices of the Authority at the Tucson International Airport, 7250 South Tucson Boulevard, for a period of thirty (30) days following the date of this notice. Written comments with respect to the goal and rationale for it will be accepted for a period of forty-five (45) days following the date of this notice. Please send written comments to: Tucson Airport Authority, Attention: DBE Liaison Officer, 7250 South Tucson Boulevard, Suite 300, Tucson, Arizona 85756.

It is TAA policy to ensure that DBE firms have a fair and equal opportunity to participate in TAA DOT-assisted contracts. TAA is a member of the Arizona Unified Certification Program and accepts DBE certifications issued by the Arizona Department of Transportation, The City of Phoenix, and The City of Tucson. If your firm is not currently certified and you would like further information on becoming a certified DBE firm, please contact the DBE Liaison Officer at the above-mentioned address.

PUBLIC NOTICE  
TUCSON AIRPORT AUTHORITY  
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE  
PROGRAM PUBLISHED NOTICE RE OVER-  
ALL DBE GOAL

For publication in Pima County:

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PUBLISH: The Daily Territorial

May 6, 2020

# Tucson International Airport (TUS) / Ryan Airfield (RYN)

## FAA -2021

	Project Number	Total	Federal
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 1 (Airfield Lighting Control Vault/ Localizer Pad)	10119102	\$ 2,978,994	\$ 2,712,672
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - DBB 1 (End Around Taxiway / Arm De-Arm Pad)	10119102	\$ 25,977,149	\$ 23,654,792
Total		\$ 28,956,143	\$ 26,367,464

## FAA -2022

		Total	Federal
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 2 (Outer Taxiway)	10119102	\$ 13,732,108	\$ 12,504,458
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 3 (Outer / Inner Taxiway) - Split Years	10119102	\$ 17,121,385	\$ 15,590,733
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - Sound Insulation	10119125	\$ 2,073,600	\$ 1,888,220
Ryan Tower Equipment - Phase 1	20119088	\$ 362,130	\$ 329,756
Total		\$ 33,289,223	\$ 30,313,166

## FAA -2023

		Total	Federal
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 3 (Outer / Inner Taxiway) - Split Years	10119102	\$ 27,726,329	\$ 25,247,595
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - DBB 2 (ECM and Fencing)	10119102	\$ 3,759,641	\$ 3,423,529
Ryan Tower Equipment - Phase 2	20119088	\$ 164,727	\$ 150,000
Total		\$ 31,650,697	\$ 28,821,125

Total TUS and RYN	\$ 93,896,063	\$ 85,501,755
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**Fiscal Year #1**
**For FY2021, we anticipate the award of the following:**

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #1	Drainage (Sewer)	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237990	\$ 81,380	42	39	92.86%	\$ 75,567
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 1 (Airfield Lighting Control Vault / Localizer Pad)	Concrete	Concrete Finishing	238110	\$ 108,507	370	39	10.54%	\$ 11,437
	Masonry	Masonry Contractors	238140	\$ 651,042	298	21	7.05%	\$ 45,879
	Roofing	Roofing Contractors	238160	\$ 135,634	353	2	0.57%	\$ 768
	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 1,356,336	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 63,228
	Plumbing/Fire Protection	Water Access Plumbing Contractor / Fire Protection	238220	\$ 135,634	1968	18	0.91%	\$ 1,241
	Finish Carpentry Contractor	Finishes and Doors	238350	\$ 81,380	444	9	2.03%	\$ 1,650
	Excavation	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 135,634	474	47	9.92%	\$ 13,449
	Landscaping/Erosion Control	Landscaping Services	561730	\$ 27,127	1609	22	1.37%	\$ 371
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 2,712,674			7.87%	\$ 213,590
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #2	Highway, Street, & Bridge Construction	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	237310	\$ 11,827,395	143	72	50.35%	\$ 5,955,052
Airfield Safety Enhancement - DBB 1 (End Around Taxiway / Arm De-Arm Pad)	Drainage (Sewer)	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237990	\$ 2,365,479	42	39	92.86%	\$ 2,196,516
	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 4,730,959	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 220,541
	Excavation / Pavement Demolition	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 4,494,410	474	47	9.92%	\$ 445,648
	Landscaping/Erosion Control	Landscaping Services	561730	\$ 236,548	1609	22	1.37%	\$ 3,234
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 23,654,792			37.29%	\$ 8,820,992
<b>Total FY2021</b>				\$ 26,367,466			34.26%	\$ 9,034,582

**Fiscal Year #1**

**For FY2022, we anticipate the award of the following:**

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #1	Highway, Street, & Bridge Construction	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	237310	\$ 6,002,140	143	72	50.35%	\$ 3,022,056
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 2 (Outer Taxiway)	Drainage (Sewer)	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237990	\$ 1,000,357	42	39	92.86%	\$ 928,903
	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 2,500,892	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 116,583
	Excavation / Pavement Demolition	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 2,876,025	474	47	9.92%	\$ 285,176
	Landscaping/Erosion Control	Landscaping Services	561730	\$ 125,044	1609	22	1.37%	\$ 1,710
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 12,504,458			24.17%	\$ 3,022,056
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #2	Highway, Street, & Bridge Construction	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	237310	\$ 7,483,552	143	72	50.35%	\$ 3,767,942
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 3 (Outer / Inner Taxiway)	Drainage (Sewer)	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237990	\$ 1,247,258	42	39	92.86%	\$ 1,158,168
	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 3,118,147	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 145,357
	Demolition	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 3,585,869	474	47	9.92%	\$ 355,561
	Landscaping/Erosion Control	Landscaping Services	561730	\$ 155,907	1609	22	1.37%	\$ 2,132
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 15,590,733			34.82%	\$ 5,429,160
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #3	Concrete	Concrete Finishing	238110	\$ 56,647	370	39	10.54%	\$ 5,971
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - Sound Insulation	Masonry	Masonry Contractors	238140	\$ 113,293	298	21	7.05%	\$ 7,984
	Roofing	Roofing Contractors	238160	\$ 188,822	353	2	0.57%	\$ 1,070
	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 56,647	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 2,641
	Plumbing / HVAC	Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	238220	\$ 283,233	1968	18	0.91%	\$ 2,591

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
	Finish Carpentry Contractor	Doors & Windows	238350	\$ 1,132,932	444	9	2.03%	\$ 22,965
	Demolition	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 56,647	474	47	9.92%	\$ 5,617
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 1,888,220			2.59%	\$ 48,837
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #4	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 32,976	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 1,537
Ryan Tower Equipment	ATCT Equipment Manufacturing	Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, Aeronautical, and Nautical System and Instrument Manufacturing	334511	\$ 296,780	19	0	0.00%	\$ -
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 329,756			0.47%	\$ 1,537
<b>Total FY2022</b>				\$ 30,313,166			28.05%	\$ 8,501,591



**Fiscal Year #3**

**For FY2023, we anticipate the award of the following:**

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #1	Highway, Street, & Bridge Construction	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	237310	\$ 12,118,846	143	72	50.35%	\$ 6,101,796
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 3 (Outer / Inner Taxiway)	Drainage (Sewer)	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237990	\$ 2,019,807	42	39	92.86%	\$ 1,875,535
	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 5,049,520	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 235,391
	Excavation / Pavement Demolition	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 5,806,946	474	47	9.92%	\$ 575,794
	Landscaping/Erosion Control	Landscaping Services	561730	\$ 252,476	1609	22	1.37%	\$ 3,452
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 25,247,595			32.53%	\$ 8,212,723
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #2	Drainage (Sewer)	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237990	\$ 171,176	42	39	92.86%	\$ 158,950
Airfield Safety Enhancement - DBB 2 (ECM and Fencing)	Excavation	Site Preparation Contractors	238910	\$ 1,711,764	474	47	9.92%	\$ 169,732
	Fencing	All Other Specialty Trade Contractors	238990	\$ 1,369,412	614	60	9.77%	\$ 133,819
	Landscaping/Erosion Control	Landscaping Services	561730	\$ 171,176	1609	22	1.37%	\$ 2,341
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 3,423,529			13.58%	\$ 464,841
PROJECT NAME	TRADE DESCRIPTION	NAICS DESCRIPTION	NAICS	TRADE (\$)	CENSUS	DBE DIRECTORY	DBE % (=G/F)	DBE \$ (= E x H)
Project #3	Electrical Contractor	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	238210	\$ 15,000	1330	62	4.66%	\$ 699
Ryan Tower Equipment - Phase 2	ATCT Equipment Manufacturing	Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, Aeronautical, and Nautical System and Instrument Manufacturing	334511	\$ 135,000	19	0	0.00%	\$ -
<b>Total Project</b>				\$ 150,000			0.47%	\$ 699
<b>Total FY2023</b>				\$ 28,821,125			30.11%	\$ 8,678,263

## Tucson International Airport & Ryan Airfield Relative Availability

		Total Census	Total AZDBE	%
2021	TUS / RYN	10,486	501	4.78%
2022	TUS / RYN	13,782	744	5.40%
2023	TUS / RYN	7,686	472	6.14%
		31,954	1,717	5.37%

5.37% is the relative availability of DBE Firms to All Firms

# Tucson International Airport (TUS) & Ryan Airfield (RYN)

<u>FAA -2021</u>	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 1 (Airfield Lighting Control Vault / Localizer Pad)	237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	42	39	92.86%
	238110	Concrete Finishing	370	39	10.54%
	238140	Masonry Contractors	298	21	7.05%
	238160	Roofing Contractors	353	2	0.57%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	238220	Water Access Plumbing Contractor / Fire Protection	1,968	18	0.91%
	238350	Finishes and Doors	444	9	2.03%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
	561730	Landscaping Services	1,609	22	1.37%
<b>Total</b>			<b>6,888</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>3.76%</b>

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program -DBB 1 (End Around Taxiway / Arm De-Arm Pad)	237310	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	143	72	50.35%
	237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	42	39	92.86%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
	561730	Landscaping Services	1,609	22	1.37%
<b>Total</b>			<b>3,598</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>6.73%</b>

<b>Grand Total FY 2021</b>			<b>10,486</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>4.78%</b>
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<u>FAA -2022</u>	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 2 (Outer Taxiway)	237310	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	143	72	50.35%
	237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	42	39	92.86%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
	561730	Landscaping Services	1,609	22	1.37%
<b>Total</b>			<b>3,598</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>6.73%</b>

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 3 (Outer / Inner Taxiway)	237310	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	143	72	50.35%
	237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	42	39	92.86%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
	561730	Landscaping Services	1,609	22	1.37%
<b>Total</b>			<b>3,598</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>6.73%</b>

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - Sound Insulation	238110	Concrete Finishing	370	39	10.54%
	238140	Masonry Contractors	298	21	7.05%
	238160	Roofing Contractors	353	2	0.57%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	238220	Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	1,968	18	0.91%

	238350	Doors & Windows	444	9	2.03%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
<b>Total</b>			<b>5,237</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>3.78%</b>

Ryan Tower Equipment  
Phase 1

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	334511	Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, Aeronautical, and Nautical System and Instrument Manufacturing	19	-	0.00%
<b>Total</b>			<b>1,349</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>4.60%</b>

**Grand Total FY 2022**

**13,782      744      5.40%**

**FAA -2023**

Airfield Safety Enhancement Program - CMAR GMP 3  
(Outer / Inner Taxiway)

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
	237310	Asphalt & PCC Paving including Pavement Markings	143	72	50.35%
	237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	42	39	92.86%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
	561730	Landscaping Services	1,609	22	1.37%
<b>Total</b>			<b>3,598</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>6.73%</b>

Airfield Safety Enhancement Program -DBB 2  
(ECM and Fencing)

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
	237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	42	39	92.86%
	238910	Site Preparation Contractors	474	47	9.92%
	238990	All Other Specialty Trade Contractors	614	60	9.77%
	561730	Landscaping Services	1,609	22	1.37%
<b>Total</b>			<b>2,739</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>6.13%</b>

Ryan Tower Equipment  
Phase 2

	NAICS	TYPE OF WORK	TOTAL CENSUS	TOTAL AZDBE	%
	238210	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	1,330	62	4.66%
	334511	Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, Aeronautical, and Nautical System and Instrument Manufacturing	19	-	0.00%
<b>Total</b>			<b>1,349</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>4.60%</b>

**Grand Total FY 2023**

**7,686      472      6.14%**

**TUS/RYN Total**

**31,954      1,717      5.37%**

## Tucson International Airport & Ryan Airfield Historical Participation (Dollars Represented in Federal Share)

		Contract	DBE	%
2019	TUS	\$ 21,286,920	\$ 2,504,637	11.77%
2019	RYN	\$ 0	\$ 0	0.00%
<b>2019</b>		<b>\$ 21,286,920</b>	<b>\$ 2,504,637</b>	<b>11.77%</b>
2018	TUS	\$ 0	\$ 0	0.00%
2018	RYN	\$ 643,251	\$ 67,912	10.56%
<b>2018</b>		<b>\$ 643,251</b>	<b>\$ 67,912</b>	<b>10.56%</b>
2017	TUS	\$ 16,638,912	\$ 382,156	2.30%
2017	RYN	\$ 0	\$ 0	0.00%
<b>2017</b>		<b>\$ 16,638,912</b>	<b>\$ 382,156</b>	<b>2.30%</b>
<b>Historical Average Participation</b>		<b>\$ 38,569,083</b>	<b>\$ 2,954,705</b>	<b>7.66%</b>

## Tucson International Airport & Ryan Airfield Other Projects (Not Federally Funded)

		Contract	DBE	%
2019	TUS	\$ 6,174,720	\$ 328,354	5.32%
2019	RYN	\$ 366,398	\$ -	0.00%
<b>2019</b>		<b>\$ 6,541,118</b>	<b>\$ 328,354</b>	<b>5.02%</b>

2018	TUS	\$ 6,363,906	\$ 897,912	14.11%
2018	RYN	\$ 3,370	\$ -	0.00%
<b>2018</b>		<b>\$ 6,367,276</b>	<b>\$ 897,912</b>	<b>14.10%</b>

2017	TUS	\$ 2,667,787	\$ 321,044	12.03%
2017	RYN	\$ 62,924	\$ 1,872	2.98%
<b>2017</b>		<b>\$ 2,730,711</b>	<b>\$ 322,917</b>	<b>11.83%</b>

		<b>\$ 15,639,105</b>	<b>\$ 1,549,183</b>	<b>9.91%</b>
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9.91% is the average percent of DBE's submitting on non-FAA projects

## Tucson International Airport & Ryan Airfield Bidders Interest List

	Total Registrants	Total DBEs	%
TUS / RYN	660	149	22.58%
	660	149	22.58%

	660	149	22.58%
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22.58% is the average percent of DBE registering to submit on projects at TUS & RYN

## Tucson International Airport & Ryan Airfield Goal Calculation

	Contract	DBE	%
Step 1 Calculation	31,954	1,717	5.37%
TAA Historical Participation	\$ 38,569,083	\$ 2,954,705	7.66%

Goal Calculation	6.52%
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